Extended Durability in Exudative Retinal Diseases Using the Novel Intravitreal Anti-VEGF Antibody Biopolymer Conjugate KSI-301

First-time Results from a Phase 1b Study in Patients with wAMD, DME and RVO

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Disclosures

Financial:

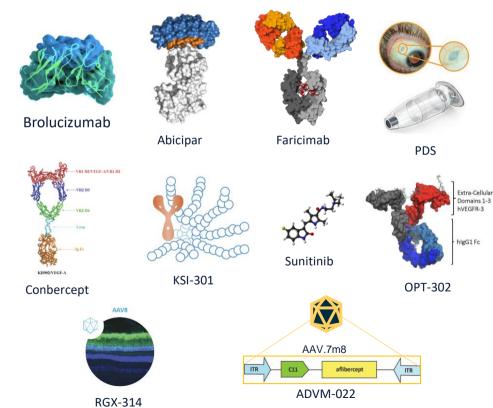
Adverum (C, R); Aerpio (C, R); Alimera Sciences (C); Allegro (C); Allergan (C, R); Apellis (C, R); Bayer (C); Clearside Biomedical (C, R); Chengdu Kanghong (R); DORC (C); EyePoint (C); Fosun (C); Genentech/Roche (C, R); Iveric Bio (formerly Ophthotech) (C, R); Kodiak Sciences (C, R); Neurotech (R), Novartis (C, R); ONL Therapeutics (C); Opthea (R); PolyPhotonix (C); Recens Medical (C, R); Regeneron (C, R, S); Regenxbio (C, R); Samsung (R), Santen (C, R), Takeda (C).

Study Disclosures:

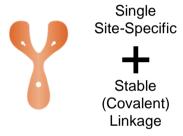
This study includes research conducted on human subjects. Institutional Review Board (IRB) approval was obtained prior to study initiation.

Investigational Treatments for Exudative Retinal Diseases aimed at improving efficacy & durability





Antibody Biopolymer Conjugates (ABC) biologics engineered for increased durability and efficacy



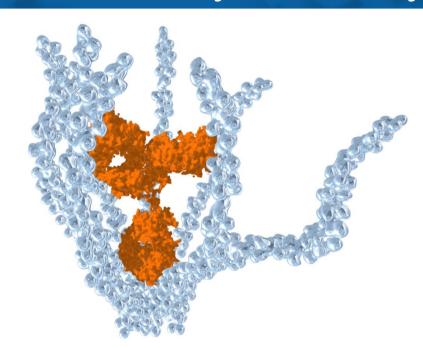
ANTIBODY

IgG1 Antibody Inert Immune Effector Function



BIOPOLYMER

Branched
High Molecular Weight
Optically Clear
Phosphorylcholine Polymer



ANTIBODY BIOPOLYMER CONJUGATE KSI-301 is an intravitreally injected anti-VEGF ABC

Go Bigger to Last Longer

KSI-301: ABC designed to block all VEGF-A Isoforms

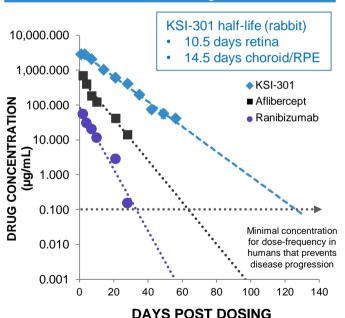
	Brolucizumab	Ranibizumab	Bevacizumab	Aflibercept
Molecule type	Single-chain antibody fragment	Antibody fragment	Antibody	Recombinant fusion protein
Molecular structure	•	•		8
Molecular weight	26 kDa	48 kDa	149 kDa	115 kDa
Clinical dose	6 mg	0.3-0.5 mg	1.25 mg	2 mg
Equivalent molar dose	11	0.5	0.9	1
Equivalent ocular PK	< 0.7	0.7	1	1
Equivalent ocular concentration at 3 months	< 0.1	0.001	NA¹	1

KSI-301				
Antibody Biopolymer Conjugate (ABC)				
950 kDa				
5 mg (by weight of antibody)				
3.5				
3				
1,000				

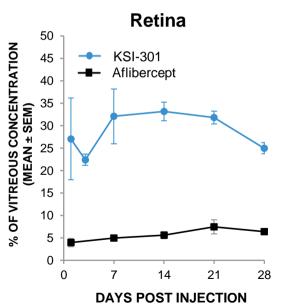
KSI-301 Properties: Preclinical Data

Special features from the ultra-hydrophilic phosphorylcholine biopolymer

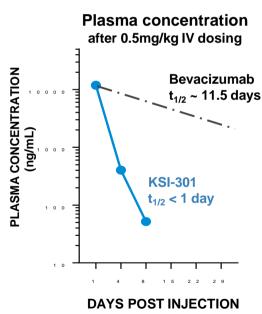
Remarkable Intraocular Durability¹



Excellent Retinal Bioavailability²



Fast Systemic Clearance³



^{1.} Data from rabbit model. Ranibizumab data: Gaudrealt et al (2007) IOVS 46(2) 726 Gaudrealt et al (2007) Retina 27(9) 1260 Bakri et al (2007) Ophthalmol 114(12) 2179 || Aflibercept data: EVER Congress Portoroz Slovenia (2008) Struble (Covance) Koehler-Stec (Regeneron). Aflibercept data adjusted arithmetically to reflect 2,000µg dose administered (based on rabbit in vivo dosing of 725 µg). Error bars reflects standard error of the mean

^{2.} Covance rabbit ADME (absorption, distribution, metabolism, elimination) model: Aflibercept data (2008): EVER Congress Portoroz Slovenia Struble (Covance), Koehler-Stec (Regeneron). KSI-301 data (2017): Covance study, data on file. Error bars reflects standard error of the mean

KSI-301

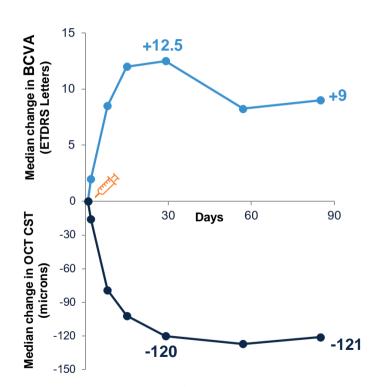
Clinical Data

113 patients dosed to date

KSI-301 Phase 1a

well-tolerated with rapid anatomic & visual response

- Diabetic macular edema (DME) patients with severe disease (n=9)
- Incompletely responsive to previous anti-VEGF treatment (8/9 previously treated) (median 3, range 0-7 in the year prior)
- A single injection of KSI-301 resulted in rapid, high-magnitude responses durable to 12 weeks
 - n=3 patients per dose level (1.25mg, 2.5mg, 5mg)
- No intraocular inflammation and no drug-related adverse events

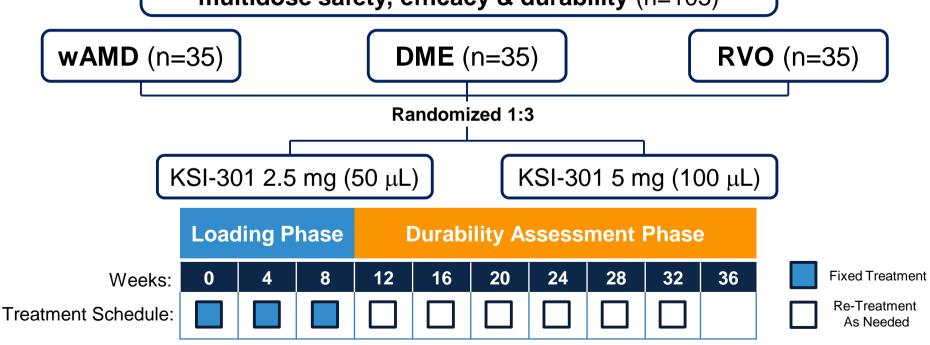


Median changes from baseline to week 12 pooled across 3 dose groups (n=9 patients total)

KSI-301 Phase 1b

insight into durability among treatment naïve subjects

Randomized, open label study to evaluate multidose safety, efficacy & durability (n=105)



wAMD = wet age-related macular degeneration; DME = diabetic macular edema; RVO = retinal vein occlusion; Clinicaltrials.gov ID: NCT03790852

9

KSI-301 Phase 1b Retreatment Criteria prespecified by disease state

wAMD

- Increase in CST ≥75 µm with a decrease in BCVA of ≥ 5 letters compared to Week 12, OR
- Decrease in BCVA of > 5 letters compared to Day 1, due to worsening wAMD activity, OR
- Decrease in BCVA of ≥ 10 letters compared to the best prior BCVA, due to worsening wAMD activity

DME and RVO

- Increase in CST ≥75 μm with a decrease in BCVA of ≥ 5 letters compared to Week 12 or the prior visit, OR
- Decrease in BCVA of ≥ 10 letters compared to the best prior BCVA, due to worsening DME/RVO disease activity

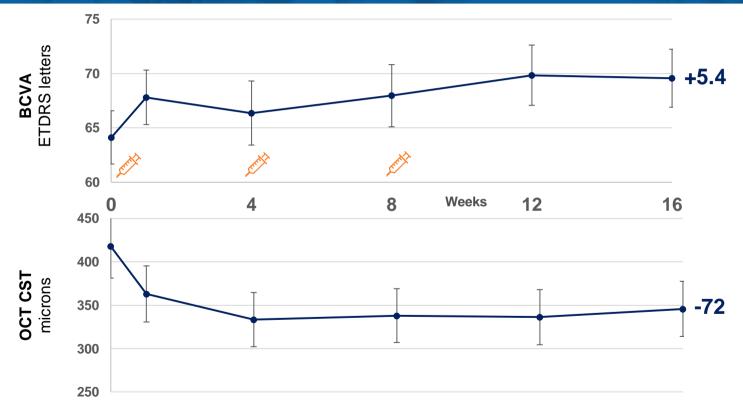
For all subjects, investigators can retreat at their discretion if significant disease activity is present that does not meet the above criteria

KSI-301 Phase 1b Baseline Characteristics

Variable	wAMD Cohort (n=35)	DME Cohort (n=34)	RVO Cohort (n=35)
Age, mean (SD), years	77.2 (11.0)	60.7 (10.4)	63.6 (12.6)
Gender, n (%), female	25 (71.4)	13 (38.2)	13 (37.1)
Race, n (%), White	32 (91.4)	28 (82.4)	31 (88.6)
BCVA, mean (SD), ETDRS letters	64.5 (11.1)	66.8 (10.3)	54.9 (15.4)
BCVA, Snellen 20/40 or better, n (%)	14 (40.0)	16 (47.1)	6 (17.1)
OCT CST, mean (SD), microns	426 (176)	449 (109)	675 (237)

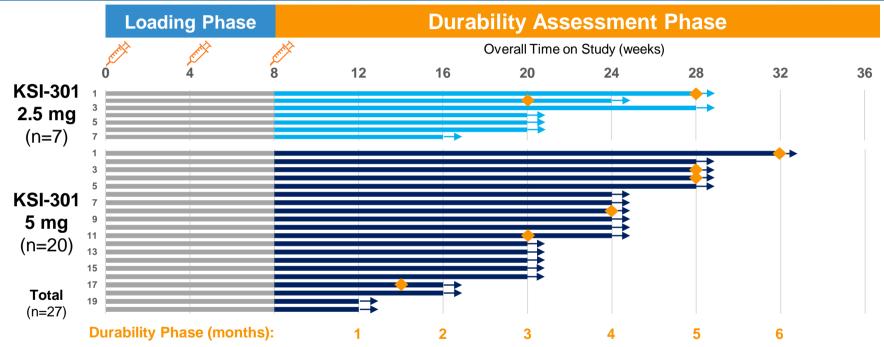
KSI-301 Phase 1b First Time Results

Efficacy of KSI-301 in Wet AMD change from baseline to week 16 in mean BCVA & OCT



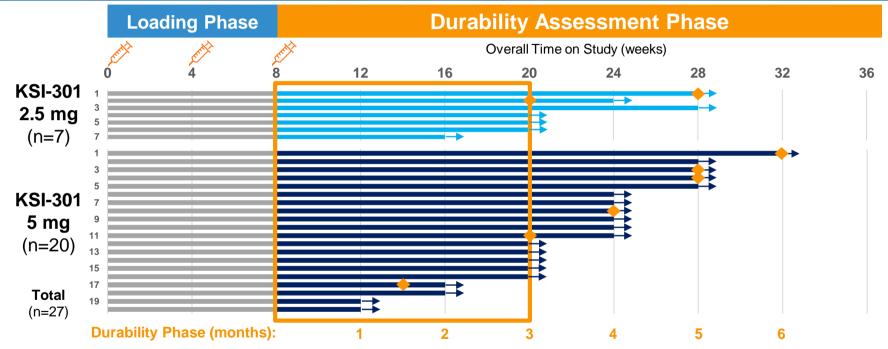
n= 25 Patients reaching Week 16 visit by data cutoff

KSI-301 in wAMD: Durability Assessment Emerging data support 3 to 5+ month durability



- Retreatment with KSI-301
- → Continuing follow-up

KSI-301 in wAMD: Durability Assessment Emerging data support 3 to 5+ month durability



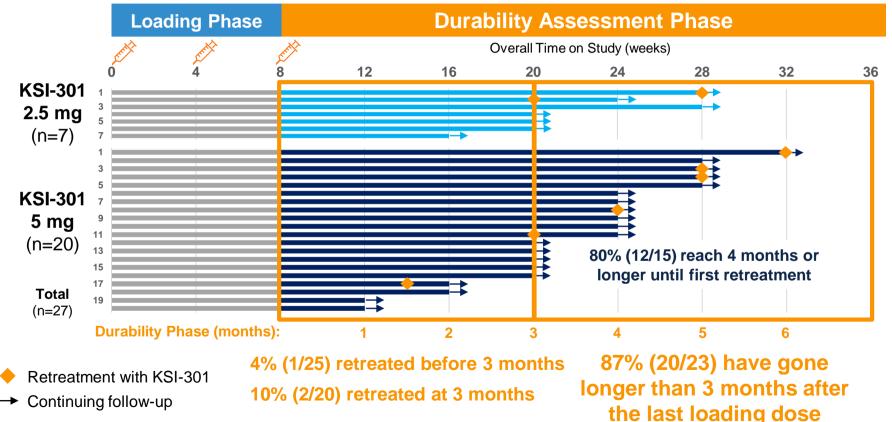
Retreatment with KSI-301

→ Continuing follow-up

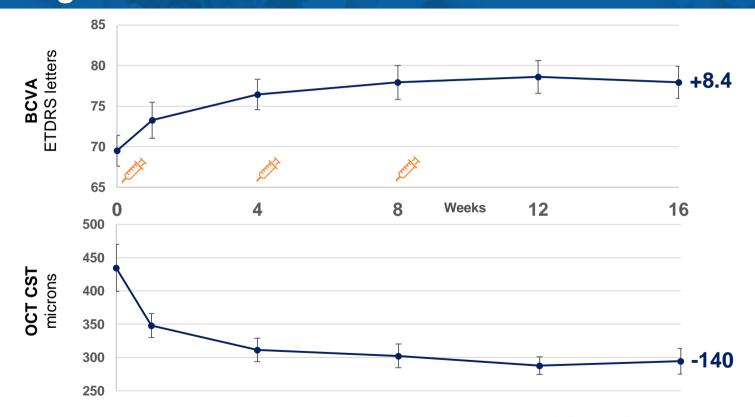
4% (1/25) retreated before 3 months

10% (2/20) retreated at 3 months

KSI-301 in wAMD: Durability Assessment Emerging data support 3 to 5+ month durability

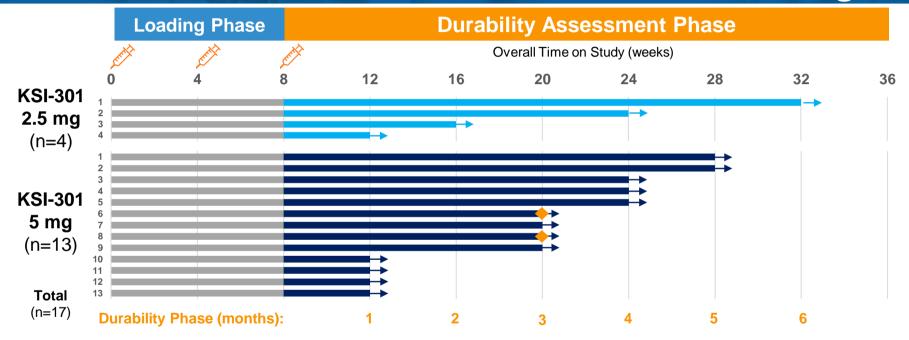


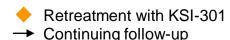
Efficacy of KSI-301 in DME change from baseline to week 16 in mean BCVA & OCT



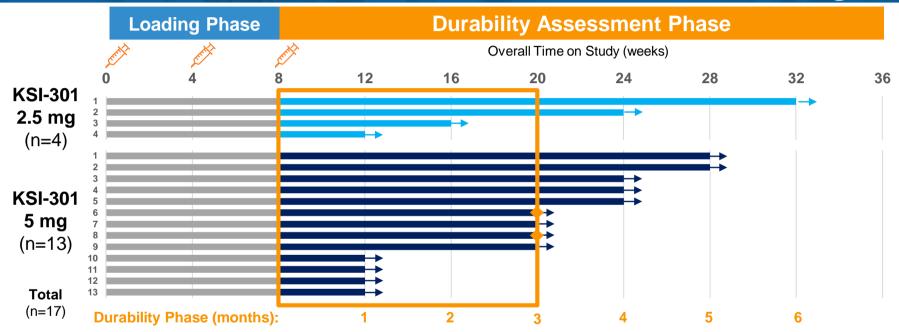
n= 12 Patients reaching Week 16 visit by data cutoff

KSI-301 in DME: 3 loading doses can provide sustained disease control of 3 months or longer





KSI-301 in DME: 3 loading doses can provide sustained disease control of 3 months or longer

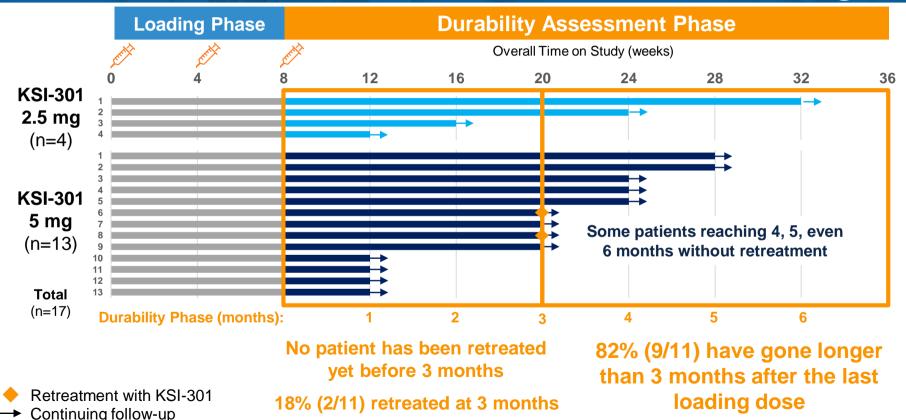


No patient has been retreated yet before 3 months

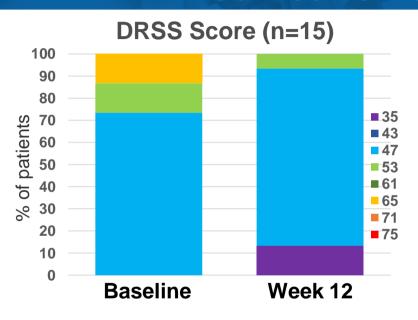
Retreatment with KSI-301→ Continuing follow-up

18% (2/11) retreated at 3 months

KSI-301 in DME: 3 loading doses can provide sustained disease control of 3 months or longer



KSI-301 in DR: signs of disease modification seen within 12 weeks

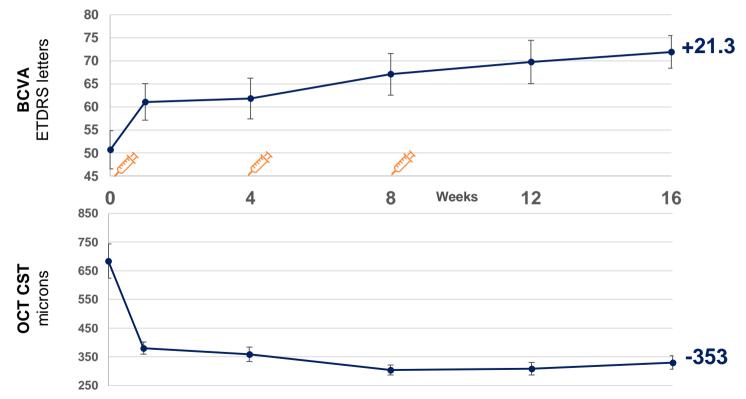


- All patients have improved (40%) or maintained (60%) DR severity level
- No patient developed a PDR event

WEEK 22 DAY 1 NPDR (DRSS 53) PDR (DRSS 65) **Case Example KSI-301** 5 mg 3 loading doses & no re-treatment for 14 weeks

Meaningful DRSS score improvement (PDR to NPDR; 2-steps) sustained 14 weeks after last loading dose

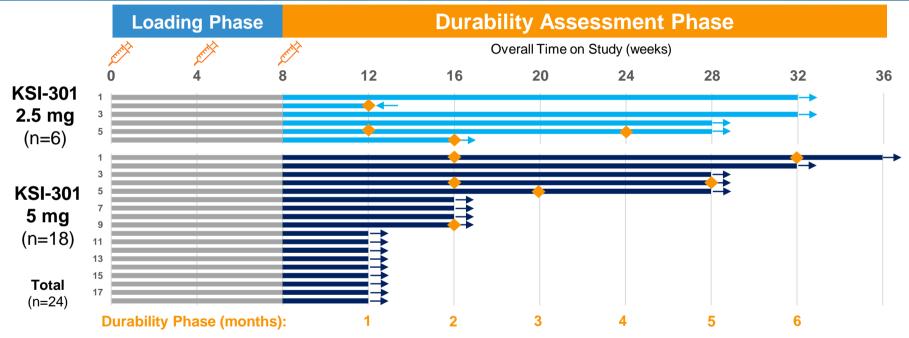
Efficacy of KSI-301 in RVO change from baseline to week 16 in mean BCVA & OCT

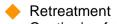


Interim data. Includes only randomized patients that reached Week 16 visit by the data cutoff date of 10 Oct 2019; 2.5 & 5 mg doses pooled. Datapoints include one subject that discontinued after Week 12. Error bars represent standard error of the mean. OCT CST values are site reported. BCVA= best corrected visual acuity; OCT= optical coherence tomography; CST= central subfield thickness

n= 15 Patients reaching Week 16 visit by data cutoff

KSI-301 in RVO: emerging durability data show potential for 2 to 3 month or longer dosing

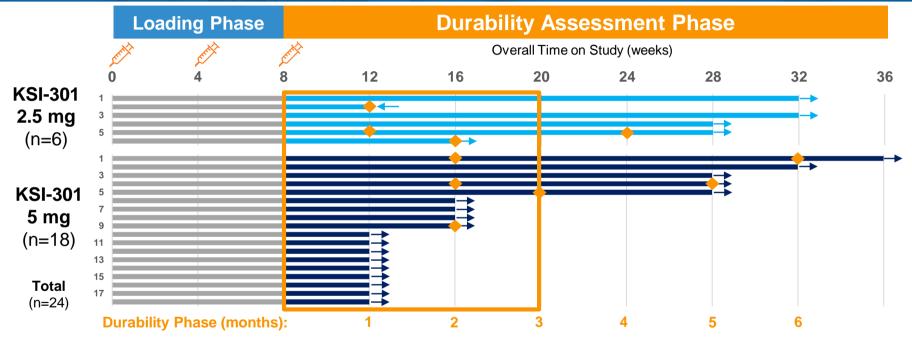


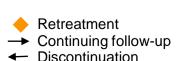


Continuing follow-up

Discontinuation

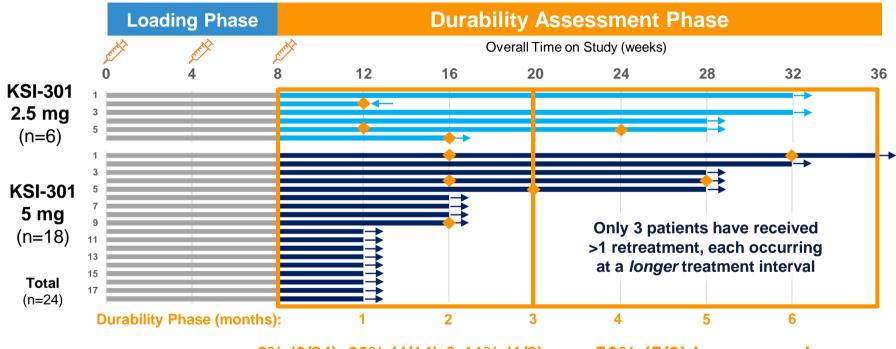
KSI-301 in RVO: emerging durability data show potential for 2 to 3 month or longer dosing

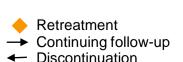




8% (2/24), 28% (4/14) & 11% (1/9) received first retreatment at 1, 2 & 3 months respectively

KSI-301 in RVO: emerging durability data show potential for 2 to 3 month or longer dosing





8% (2/24), 28% (4/14) & 11% (1/9) received first retreatment at 1, 2 & 3 months respectively

56% (5/9) have gone longer than 3 months after the last loading dose

Safety of KSI-301: multiple-dose exposure is well-tolerated with no intraocular inflammation

113

Subjects dosed in Phase 1a+1b

316

Total doses given in Phase 1a+1b



99



At Day 1 At Week 4 At Week 8

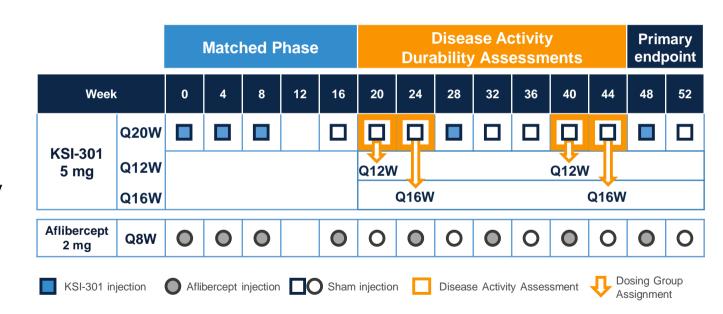
Phase 1b subjects with # of loading doses received

- No intraocular inflammation or ocular SAEs in the study eye reported to date
- No drug-related AEs or drug-related SAEs reported to date
- Most AEs were assessed as mild and are consistent with profile of intravitreal anti-VEGFs
- 8 non-ocular SAEs that were not drug-related have been reported in 4 subjects:
 - One 92 y/o RVO subject with hospitalization related to a pre-existing condition that resulted in death
 - One 66 y/o RVO subject with hospitalization related to dizziness
 - One 43 y/o DME subject with hospitalization related to a pre-existing condition
 - One 56 y/o DME subject with hospitalization related to a pre-existing condition

Now Recruiting: Pivotal Phase 2 DAZZLE Study

Dosing with KSI-301 in wet AMD as infrequently as every 20 weeks

- ~400 treatment naïve wAMD patients
- Randomized study vs aflibercept
- US & EU study sites
- KSI-301 dosing: every 12, 16, or 20 weeks depending on prespecified disease activity assessments*



Conclusion: KSI-301 is Demonstrating Promising Safety, Efficacy and Durability

- Antibody Biopolymer Conjugates (ABCs) are a new design platform for long durability intravitreal medicines
- KSI-301 (anti-VEGF ABC) has achieved important development milestones
 - Excellent Safety: zero cases of intraocular inflammation after 300+ doses
 - Strong Efficacy: across 3 major phenotypically variable retinal diseases wet AMD, DME/DR & RVO
 - Remarkable Biological Durability: majority of treated eyes extended to 4 months or beyond without retreatment after 3 loading doses. Potential is being demonstrated for:
 - 3 to 5+ month interval in wAMD
 - 3 to 5+ month interval in DME
 - 2 to 3+ month interval in RVO
- Next steps
 - Phase 1b study has been extended to 18 months to collect additional durability outcomes
 - Pivotal 'DAZZLE' study of KSI-301 vs aflibercept in treatment-naïve wet AMD now recruiting

Acknowledgements

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